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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/508,784	11/19/2004	Ayaaki Ishizaki	2004-1526A	8456
	7590 03/22/2007 , LIND & PONACK, L.	EXAMINER		
2033 K STREET N. W.			WARE, DEBORAH K	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON	N, DC 20006-1021		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1651	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/22/2007	PAPER	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/508,784	ISHIZAKI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Deborah K. Ware	1651
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed on the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	•	
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/28 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims	•	•
4)  Claim(s) 5.7.8 and 10-14 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 5.7.8 and 10-14 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers  9)  The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  acceeding a contraction of the contracti	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b)□ objected to by the	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	ce Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Applica ity documents have been recei ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) 🔀 Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) 🔲 Notice of Informal 6) 🔲 Other:	ry (PTO-413) Date. <u>2607/</u> 0/09 Patent Application

Art Unit: 1651

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 5, 7-8 and 10-14 are presented for reconsideration on the merits.

#### Response to Amendment

The amendment filed December 28, 2006, has been received and entered.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 5, 7-8 and 10-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 58-98085 in view of JP 7-177876, both previously cited of record.

Art Unit: 1651

Claims are drawn to a method for continuous culture of anaerobic microorganisms while controlling glucose concentration of the culture by feeding the

culture at a rate equal to consumption rate.

JP 58-98085 teaches a method for continuous culture of microorganisms wherein it is to feed the culture at a rate equal to consumption rate is discussed and recognized, see page 2, (1), all lines. Also note page 3, second full paragraph, all lines. Alkaline conditions and pH regulation is discussed also.

JP 7-177876 teaches a predetermined lower limit and upper limit of pH and using it to determine glucose quantity to be supplied, based on the predetermined pH limits and pressure. Note pages 15-16, lines 1-16 and lines 1-10, respectively.

The claims differ from the cited disclosure in that anaerobic microorganisms and predetermined pH at a lower and upper limits are not clearly discussed.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made to carry out the claimed method under alternate alkaline conditions by regulating pH at predetermined upper and lower limits and controlling substrate supply rate based on the amount of feed intake under aerobic and anaerobic conditions because both of the JP documents suggest that such conditions may be employed under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. One of skill would have been motivated to modify the JP document to provide for a continuous culture methodology while controlling pH at predetermined upper and lower limits for anaerobic microorganisms. The pH conditions and addition of supplements for aiding control of parameters is clearly within the skill of an ordinary artisan. Continuous culture of

Art Unit: 1651

microorganisms is well known in the art and the claimed subject matter is deemed prima facie obvious over the cited prior art.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed December 28, 2006, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The argument that the newly presented claims are not disclosed or suggested by the cited prior art is noted. However, the claims are at least suggested by the cited prior art combination and the scope of the claims are not so limited to anaerobic culture because it is only recited in the preamble of the claims. The determination of whether a preamble limits a claim is made on a case-by-case basis in light of the facts in each case; there is no litmus test defining when a preamble limits the scope of a claim. Catalina Mktg. Int 'I v. Coolsavings.com, Inc., 289 F.3d 801, 808, 62 USPQ2d 1781, 1785 (Fed. Cir. 2002). In the instant case the body of the claimed culture management methods are not so limited to anaerobic conditions and hence whether or not these conditions are critical to the claimed culture management methods remains in question since these method steps would be expected to be capable of managing a culture method successfully under aerobic or anaerobic conditions, as discussed of record. Further, Applicants do not point to the criticality of these conditions in their arguments nor are they set forth as a positive recitation and method step in the claimed methods.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 1651

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

All claims fail to be patentably distinguishable over the state of the art discussed above. Therefore, the claims are properly rejected.

No claims are allowed.

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah K. Ware whose telephone number is 571-272-0924. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/508,784 Page 6

Art Unit: 1651

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Deborah K. Ware March 17, 2007

DAVID M. NAFF
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 128/05/